## ISOLATION OF AN ANTIBIOTIC AB-74, RELATED TO DESTOMYCIN C

Atsushi Tamura, Ryuji Furuta and Shunsuke Naruto

Research & Development Division, Dainippon Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Suita, Osaka, Japan

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During the course of screening for new antibiotics, we found that a new *Streptomyces*, *S. aquacanus* A-14317,<sup>1)</sup> produced five water-soluble basic antibiotics. On the basis of physicochemical and biological properties, four of them were identified with neomycins A, B, C and hygromycin B. Another antibiotic designated tentatively AB-74 was found to be related to destomycin  $C^{2}$ .

When the producing strain (A-14317) was submerge-cultured in a medium composed of 3%soluble starch, 2% glucose, 1% defatted soybean meal, 0.5% meat extract, 0.5% Polypeptone, 0.3% NaCl, 0.3% CaCO<sub>3</sub>, 0.2% soybean oil and silicon (30 ml/50 liters), maximum activities against *Staphylococcus aureus* and *Escherichia coli* were attained after 94 hours.

Antibiotic AB-74 was isolated from the culture filtrate by absorption on Amberlite IRC 50 and

Chart 1. Procedure of isolation of antibiotic AB-74. Filtered broth, 50 liters

Amberlite IRC 50 (NH4<sup>+</sup>), 2 liters

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2% NH<sub>4</sub>OH eluate
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Dowex  $1 \times 2$  (OH<sup>-</sup>)

Active fraction

add salicylaldehyde in ethanol

A mixture of N-salicylidene derivatives

H<sub>2</sub>O-EtOAc



via SCHIFF base formation (see Chart 1).

Antibiotic AB-74 was colorless powder, m.p.  $164 \sim 175^{\circ}$ C,  $C_{21}H_{30}N_3O_{13} \cdot 1/2H_2O$ ,  $[\alpha]_D + 18.4^{\circ}$  (*c* 1, H<sub>2</sub>O) which afforded destomic acid, D-talose and N,N'-dimethyl-2-deoxystreptamine on acid hydrolysis. Although the <sup>1</sup>H- and <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectra of AB-74 showed a little difference from those of destomycin C,  $[\alpha]_D + 9^{\circ}$  (*c* 1, H<sub>2</sub>O), on direct comparisons, other properties of AB-74 were similar to those of destomycin C except the optical rotation. From the data now available, it seems reasonable to assume that AB-74 is an antibiotic related to destomycin C. Identity or not-identity of these two antibiotics needs further investigation.

The antimicrobial spectrum of AB-74 was very similar to that of hygromycin B. The acute toxicity ( $LD_{50}$ ) of AB-74 in mice was 11.1 mg/kg (i.v.) and 280 mg/kg (p.o.).

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